Opening of sports hostels

3187. SHRI S. ANBALAGAN: Will the Minister of YOUTH AFFAIRS AND SPORTS be pleased to state:

(a) the number of sports hostels funded/operated by the Union Government State-wise;

(b) the facilities available in these hostels including the number of students, the details of the sports and games in which training is given;

(c) the mode of selection of students and teachers;

(d) whether it is a fact that the existing facilities, the number of students trained and the disciplines are highly insufficient considering the size of the country; and

(e) if so, the steps proposed to be taken to open more sports hostels with increased facilities in the country?

THE MINISTER OF YOUTH AFFAIRS AND SPORTS (SHRI MANI SHANKAR AIYAR): (a) Though there is no separate scheme to fund sports hostels, they form an integral part of SAI Training Centres (STCs), Special Area Games (SAG) Centres and Centres of Excellence (COX). There are 57 STCs, 19 SAGs Centre and 10 COX in the country, all of which have sports hostel facilities. Details of the centres are given at Statement. *(See* below).

(b) The sportspersons admitted under these schemes are given stipends, sports kits, training and competition exposures. The sports disciplines include Athletic, Basketball, Gymnastic, Table Tennis, Wrestling, Hockey, Swimming, Badminton, Football, Volleyball, Judo, Kabaddi, Archery, Kho-Kho, Weightlifting, Boxing, Rowing, Shooting, Diving, Cycling etc. The details of the number of trainees covered under the scheme are as under:—

Sl.No.	Name of the Scheme(s)	Number of Trainees		
		Boys	Girls	Total
1.	SAI Training Centre	4718	1963	6681
2.	Special Area Games	1155	729	1884
3.	Centre of Excellence	298	180	478

(c) Medal winners at National/States/District level competitions are admitted subject to tests.

(d) The facilities provided at STCs are adequate. Sports is a State Subject. In addition to the role of support and facilitation through Schemes of the Government of India, State Governments run their own training centres, Sports Schools, etc. in their respective areas.

(e) The opening of STCs is an ongoing process. SAI considers the proposals received from State Governments on the basis of need assessments and commitment by State Governments to provide the required infrastructure.

Statement

Details of STCs, SAG Centre and COX Centres having sports hostel facilities

Sl. No.	State(s)	SAI Training Centres	Special Area Games	Centre of Excellence
1.	Andaman Nicobar	--	01	--
2.	Andhra Pradesh	05	--	--
3.	Arunachal Pradesh	--	01	--
4.	Assam	02	02	--
5.	Bihar	01	03	--
6.	Chandigarh	01	--	--
7.	Chhattisgarh	01	--	--
8.	Daman Diu	--	--	--
9.	Delhi	01	--	01
10	Goa	01	--	--
11.	Gujarat	01	--	01
12.	Haryana	03	--	01
13.	Himachal Pradesh	02	--	--
14.	Jammu Kashmir	01	--	--
15.	Jharkhand	--	01	--
16.	Karnataka	03	--	01
17.	Kerala	04	02	01
18.	Lakshadweep	--	--	--
19.	Madhya Pradesh	05	--	01
20.	Maharashtra	02	--	--

1	2	3	4	5
21.	Manipur	01	02	01
22.	Meghalaya	01	--	--
23.	Mizoram	--	01	--
24.	Nagaland	01	--	--
25.	Orissa	02	02	--
26.	Pondicherry	01	--	--
27.	Punjab	03	--	01
28.	Rajasthan	02	--	--
29.	Sikkim	--	01	--
30.	Tamilnadu	02	02	--
31.	Tripura	--	01	--
32.	Uttar Pradesh	06	--	01
33.	Uttranchal	01	--	--
34.	West Bengal	04	--	01
	TOTAL:	57	19	10

Establishment of sports complexes in Goa

3188. SHRI SHANTARAM LAXMAN NAIK: Will the Minister of YOUTH AFFAIRS AND SPORTS be pleased to state:

(a) whether any scheme/schemes for establishment of major/minor sports complexes is/are in force in the State of Goa;

(b) if so, the essential features of the schemes;

(c) the projects undertaken/implemented under the schemes during the last five years in the State of Goa; and

(d) the financial assistance granted to the State during the last five years, year-wise?

THE MINISTER OF YOUTH AFFAIRS AND SPORTS (SHRI MANI SHANKAR AIYAR): (a) and (b) As 'Sports' figures in the 'StateList' of the Constitution, the primary responsibility for the creation of sports infrastructure facilities lies with State Governments. Till 31.3.2005, the Ministry was supplementing the efforts of State Governments by providing assistance under the Centrally Sponsored Sports Infrastructure Schemes subject to receipt of viable proposals. But with effect from 1.4.2005, those schemes have been transferred to the State Sector, which was later